

Modulhandbuch
Studiengang Master of Science Geomatics Engineering
Prüfungsordnung: 936-2013

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Universität Stuttgart
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70174 Stuttgart

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Qualifikationsziele

Advanced Mathematics, Geomatics Methodology and Geodesy (Advanced Mathematics, Signal Processing, Statistical Inference, Dynamic System Estimation, Map Projections and Geodetic Coordinate Systems, Physical Geodesy), Engineering Geodesy, Remote Data Acquisition and Representation of Geodata (Monitoring, Kinematic Measurement Systems, Remote Sensing, Airborne Data Acquisition, Geoinformatics, Thematic Cartography), Elective specialization (Multisensor Integration, Satellite Geodesy, Navigation, Geo-Telematics), two-week Integrated Fieldwork, Non-technical courses (Language and Culture, Information and Contract Law), Research-oriented thesis (6 months).

19 Auflagenmodule des Masters

100 Pflichtmodule

Zugeordnete Module:	41210	Advanced Mathematics
	41220	Geomatics Methodology
	41230	Geodesy
	41240	Remote Data Acquisition
	41250	Representation of Geodata
	41280	Integrated Project
	48400	Engineering Geodesy
	48440	Information and Contract Law

Modul: 41210 Advanced Mathematics

2. Modulkürzel:	062000011	5. Moduldauer:	Einsemestrig
3. Leistungspunkte:	6 LP	6. Turnus:	Wintersemester
4. SWS:	5	7. Sprache:	Englisch
8. Modulverantwortlicher:	Univ.-Prof. Dr. Wolfgang Keller		
9. Dozenten:	Wolfgang Keller		
10. Zuordnung zum Curriculum in diesem Studiengang:	M.Sc. Geomatics Engineering, PO 936-2013, 1. Semester → Pflichtmodule		
11. Empfohlene Voraussetzungen:			
12. Lernziele:	The module aims at establishing a common level of math skills for all students, smoothing out their individual entry levels. The module will provide skills to translate a problem in Geodesy into a mathematical model and to find a solution of the resulting mathematical problem.		
13. Inhalt:	Ordinary and partial differential equations, Vector analysis, Integral theorems, Special functions, Potential theory		
14. Literatur:	Kreyszig, E. (1999, 2006): Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Wiley und Sons		
15. Lehrveranstaltungen und -formen:	• 412101 Lecture Advanced Mathematics • 412102 Lab Advanced Mathematics • 412103 Lecture Introduction to Mathematics (optional) • 412104 Lab Introduction to Mathematics (optional)		
16. Abschätzung Arbeitsaufwand:	lectures 108 h (attendance 42h, self-study 66 h) exercises 72 h (attendance 28 h, self-study 44 h)		
17. Prüfungsnummer/n und -name:	• 41211 Advanced Mathematics (PL), Schriftlich, 120 Min., Gewichtung: 1 • V Vorleistung (USL-V), Schriftlich oder Mündlich		
18. Grundlage für ... :			
19. Medienform:			
20. Angeboten von:	Physikalische Geodäsie - Satellitengeodäsie		

Modul: 41220 Geomatics Methodology

2. Modulkürzel:	062200301	5. Moduldauer:	Zweisemestrig
3. Leistungspunkte:	15 LP	6. Turnus:	Wintersemester
4. SWS:	9	7. Sprache:	Englisch
8. Modulverantwortlicher:	Univ.-Prof. Dr.-Ing. Dieter Fritsch		
9. Dozenten:	Friedrich Wilhelm Krumm Alfred Kleusberg Uwe Sörgel		
10. Zuordnung zum Curriculum in diesem Studiengang:	M.Sc. Geomatics Engineering, PO 936-2013, 1. Semester → Pflichtmodule		
11. Empfohlene Voraussetzungen:			
12. Lernziele:	Statistical Inference The goal of this course is to impart knowledge on the most frequently applied adjustment models (model with observation equations, model with condition equations, mixed models) used in engineering disciplines and Geosciences, and their geometric interpretation. A minor part will treat hypothesis testing in linear models, internal and external reliability. Signal Processing The students will learn the methodologies of signal processing. Differentiation is made between deterministic signals and random signals. FIR and IIR filters are described by difference equations, filter design is solved in time and frequency domain. Markov processes are used to simulate random signals. The filter output is applied for many examples in signal and image processing. Dynamic System Estimation The students are familiar with the methodology for parameter estimation in systems, which can be described by solutions to ordinary differential equation systems. The concept of selected random processes for the error description is understood. The students are familiar with the Kalman filter estimation procedure		
13. Inhalt:	Statistical Inference Basics on linear algebra, parameter adjustment, condition adjustment and mixed model adjustment, random variables, probability density functions, error propagation, hypothesis testing Signal Processing Definition of one- and two-dimensional signals. Fourier Series and Fourier Transforms, Cosine transforms, theory of Wavelets. Linear systems, FIR and IIR filters. Linear phase and zero-phased systems. Filter design for deterministic and random signals. Matched and Wiener filters, convolutions in 1D and 2D, Fast convolutions. Explanations of ad hoc operators in signal and image processing and its comparison of designed systems. Dynamic System Estimation Review of Least Squares Estimation, Sequential Least Squares Estimation, Ordinary Differential Equations, numerical integration methods, linear dynamic systems, state space descriptions, random processes, state augmentation, derivation of Kalman Filter equations, Kalman smoother, comparison of Kalman filter to sequential Least Squares Estimation		

14. Literatur:	Statistical Inference Ghilani Ch. D. (2010): Adjustment Computations. Spatial Data Analysis. 5th edition. John Wiley und Sons, Inc., ISBN 978-0-470-46491-5 Krumm F (2016): Statistical Inference, Powerpoint viewgraphs, University of Stuttgart Sneeuw N and F Krumm (2016): lecture Notes Adjustment Theory, University of Stuttgart Teunissen P J G (2003): Adjustment theory - an introduction. Delft University Press, ISBN 13 978-90-407-1974-5 Teunissen P G J (2006): Network Quality Control. Delft University Press, ISBN 13 978-90-71301-98-8 Signal Processing Fritsch, Signal Processing, lecture Materials, University of Stuttgart Rabiner, L.R., Gold, P. (1975): Theory and Applications of Digital Signal Processing. Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs. Oppenheim, A.V., Schafer, R.W. (2007): Discrete-Time Signal Processing (3rd Edition), Prentice Hall(2007), 1132 Seiten, ISBN-13: 978-0132067096. Berber, S. (2009): Continuous and Discrete Time Signals, VDM Verlag Dr. Müller (2009), 632 Seiten, ISBN-13: 978-3639111880. Dynamic System Estimation Kleusberg, Dynamic System Estimation, lecture materials, Univ. of Stuttgart Gelb (1974) Applied Optimal Estimation, MIT Press Jekeli (2001) Inertial Navigation Systems with Geodetic Applications, deGruyter
15. Lehrveranstaltungen und -formen:	• 412201 Lecture Statistical Inference • 412205 Lecture Signal Processing • 412204 Lab Dynamic System Estimation • 412202 Lab Statistical Inference • 412206 Lab Signal Processing • 412203 Lecture Dynamic System Estimation
16. Abschätzung Arbeitsaufwand:	Statistical Inference 150 h (contact hours lectures and labs 42 h, self study 108 h) Signal Processing 150 h (contact hours lectures and labs 42 h, self study 108 h) Dynamic System Estimation 150 h (contact hours lectures and labs 42 h, self study 108 h) Total 450 h
17. Prüfungsnummer/n und -name:	• 41221 Statistical Inference and Signal Processing (PL), Schriftlich, 120 Min., Gewichtung: 1 • V Vorleistung (USL-V), Schriftlich oder Mündlich • 41222 Dynamic System Estimation (PL), Schriftlich, 60 Min., Gewichtung: 1
18. Grundlage für ... :	
19. Medienform:	Videocasts, Beamer, Board, Overhead projection, Matlab
20. Angeboten von:	Photogrammetrie und Vermessungswesen

Modul: 41230 Geodesy

2. Modulkürzel:	062000401	5. Moduldauer:	Zweisemestrig
3. Leistungspunkte:	9 LP	6. Turnus:	Wintersemester
4. SWS:	6	7. Sprache:	Englisch
8. Modulverantwortlicher:	Univ.-Prof. Dr.-Ing. Nicolaas Sneeuw		
9. Dozenten:	Nicolaas Sneeuw Friedrich Wilhelm Krumm		
10. Zuordnung zum Curriculum in diesem Studiengang:	M.Sc. Geomatics Engineering, PO 936-2013, 1. Semester → Pflichtmodule		
11. Empfohlene Voraussetzungen:	Advanced Mathematics		
12. Lernziele:	Map Projections and Geodetic Coordinate Systems Students are enabled to interpret maps and to represent the Earth using different kinds of map projections. They are capable to investigate, to evaluate and to visualize occurring distortions. They know how to deal with different kinds of reference and coordinate systems, and to perform transformations between them. Physical Geodesy Students are able to judge the fundamental role of the gravity field and the geoid in all disciplines of geomatics engineering. They have the skills to select the appropriate methodological tools from physical geodesy for actual problems and projects. They understand the pros and cons of different height systems.		
13. Inhalt:	Map Projections and Geodetic Coordinate Systems Basics on differential geometry of surfaces, geometry of sphere and ellipsoid-of-revolution, spherical map projections, optimal map projections, legal map projections (Gauß-Krüger/UTM), deformations and deformation measures, 2D and 3D coordinate systems and datum transformation models Physical Geodesy Elements of potential theory, gravitation and gravity, measurement principles of gravimetry, gravity networks, approaches to solving the Laplace equation, special functions of physical geodesy, geoid determination, height systems		
14. Literatur:	Physical Geodesy • Sneeuw, Physical Geodesy, lecture notes, University of Stuttgart • Torge, W. (2001) Geodesy. De Gruyter, Berlin (3rd ed.) • Matlab Map Projections and Geodetic Coordinate Systems • Krumm F (2016): Map Projections and Geodetic Coordinate Systems. Powerpoint viewgraphs, University of Stuttgart • Bugayevskiy L M and J P Snyder (1995): Map Projections - A Reference Manual. Taylor und Francis • Canters F and H Declair (1989): The world in perspective: A directory of world map projections. Wiley • Grafarend E W and F W Krumm (2007): Map Projections, Cartographic Information Systems. Springer • Hofmann-Wellenhof B, H Lichtenegger and J Collins (1997): GPS - Theory and Practice. Springer		

- Hooijberg M (2008): Geometrical Geodesy Using Information and Computer Technology, Springer
- Iliffe J (2000): Datums and Map Projections for Remote Sensing, GIS, and Surveying. Boca Raton
- Kühnel W (2002): Differential Geometry. Curves - Surfaces - Manifolds. Student Mathematical Library, Vol. 16, American Mathematical Society
- Lauf GB (1983): Geodesy and Map Projections. TAFE Publications Unit, Collingwood, Vic.
- Maling D H (1992): Coordinate Systems and Map Projections. 2nd Edition, Oxford
- McDonnell PW (1991): Introduction to Map Projections. 2nd Edition. Permission department, Landmark Enterprises, Rancho Cordova, Ca, USA
- Pearson F (1990): Map Projection: Theory and Applications. Boca Raton
- Snyder J.P. (1987): Map Projections - A Working Manual. USGS Professional Paper 1395, United States Government Printing Office, Washington

15. Lehrveranstaltungen und -formen:	• 412301 Lecture Map Projections and Geodetic Coordinate Systems • 412303 Lecture Physical Geodesy • 412302 Lab Exercises Map Projections and Geodetic Coordinate Systems • 412304 Lab Exercises Physical Geodesy
16. Abschätzung Arbeitsaufwand:	Map Projections and Geodetic Coordinate Systems 135 h (contact hours lectures and labs 42 h, self study 93 h) Physical Geodesy 135 h (contact hours lectures and labs 42 h, self study 93 h) Total 270 h
17. Prüfungsnummer/n und -name:	• 41231 Geodesy (PL), Schriftlich, 120 Min., Gewichtung: 1 • V Vorleistung (USL-V), Schriftlich
18. Grundlage für ... :	
19. Medienform:	blackboard, projector, Matlab
20. Angeboten von:	Höhere Geodäsie

Modul: 41240 Remote Data Acquisition

2. Modulkürzel:	062100310	5. Moduldauer:	Zweisemestrig
3. Leistungspunkte:	9 LP	6. Turnus:	Sommersemester
4. SWS:	6	7. Sprache:	Englisch
8. Modulverantwortlicher:	Univ.-Prof. Dr.-Ing. Uwe Sörgel		
9. Dozenten:	Uwe Sörgel		
10. Zuordnung zum Curriculum in diesem Studiengang:	M.Sc. Geomatics Engineering, PO 936-2013, 2. Semester → Pflichtmodule		
11. Empfohlene Voraussetzungen:			
12. Lernziele:	Remote Sensing Students understand the principles of Remote Sensing of the surface of the earth from satellites in the visible light spectrum, the infrared spectrum and the spectrum of Radar signals. This includes the understanding of the complete radiation path from the source of radiation to the radiation detecting sensors, and the data communication to earth receiving stations. Airborne Data Acquisition Students understand the principles of direct georeferencing by GPS/IMU integration and in-situ camera calibration using extended bundle block adjustments. The photogrammetric processing pipeline consisting of image orientation, image matching and true orthophoto generation is a major subject. Airborne full waveform LiDAR and airborne RADAR complete the student's knowledge. Follow-up products such as 3D city and landscape models are also presented.		
13. Inhalt:	Remote Sensing (RS) Introduction including the history of RS and an overview of modern RS systems, orbits of RS satellites, sources of electromagnetic (EM) radiation, propagation of EM radiation, interaction of EM radiation with matter, detection and measurement of EM radiation, analog to digital conversion, data transmission and storage Airborne Data Acquisition Principles of airborne kinematic GPS, PPP solutions, basics of IMU, GPS/IMU integration, bundle block adjustment, camera calibration using additional parameters, Image matching: from 2D correlation, least-squares and feature-based matching to semi-global matching. Automatic aerial triangulation and generation of dense surface models, orthophoto generation, airborne LiDAR and its processing (full wave form analysis), RADAR data collection, integration of RADAR and optical imagery.		
14. Literatur:	Remote Sensing Kleusberg, Remote Sensing, lecture materials, University of Stuttgart Elachi, C. (2006) Introduction to the Physics and Techniques of Remote Sensing, John Wiley ESA internet: http://www.esa.int/esaMI/Eduspace_EN/SEMF9R3Z2OF_0.html NASA internet http://landsat.gsfc.nasa.gov/education/tutorials.html Airborne Data Acquisition		

Fritsch, D (2012): Airborne Data Acquisition, Lecture Notes, Univ. Stuttgart
 Mikhail, E.M., Bethel, J.S, McGlone, J.C. (2001): Introduction to Modern Photogrammetry. Jon Wiley und Sons, New York, 479p.
 Schenk, T. (2000): Digital Photogrammetry. Terra Science, 428p.
 Fritsch, D. (Ed)(2011): Photogrammetric Week'11. Wichmann, Offenbach/Berlin, 330p.

15. Lehrveranstaltungen und -formen:

- 412403 Lecture Airborne Data Acquisition
 - 412401 Lecture Remote Sensing
 - 412404 Lab Airborne Data Acquisition
 - 412402 Lab Remote Sensing
-

16. Abschätzung Arbeitsaufwand:

Remote Sensing 135 h
 (contact hours lectures and labs 42 h, self study 93 h)
 Airborne Data Acquisition 135 h
 (contact hours lectures and labs 42 h, self study 93 h)
 Total 270 h

17. Prüfungsnummer/n und -name:

- 41241 Remote Data Acquisition (PL), Schriftlich, 120 Min., Gewichtung: 1
 - V Vorleistung (USL-V), Schriftlich oder Mündlich
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18. Grundlage für ... :

19. Medienform:

Videocasts, Beamer, White Board, MatLab, IGI FlightSimulator

20. Angeboten von:

Photogrammetrie und Vermessungswesen

Modul: 41250 Representation of Geodata

2. Modulkürzel:	062200302	5. Moduldauer:	Einsemestrig
3. Leistungspunkte:	9 LP	6. Turnus:	Wintersemester
4. SWS:	6	7. Sprache:	Englisch
8. Modulverantwortlicher:	Bernhard Minke		
9. Dozenten:	Volker Walter Martin Metzner		
10. Zuordnung zum Curriculum in diesem Studiengang:	M.Sc. Geomatics Engineering, PO 936-2013, 3. Semester → Pflichtmodule		
11. Empfohlene Voraussetzungen:			
12. Lernziele:	Geoinformatics The students know the technologies for the input, management, analysis and presentation of spatial data. They are able to use different standard software tools. They are able to collect, model and exchange spatial data on web-platforms. They know the necessity and the advantages of storing spatial data with database management systems. Thematic Cartography The students have competence in the basics of cartography and the creation and optimal presentation of thematic data. They will be enabled to perform the appropriate geometric, topologic and thematic modeling and presentation.		
13. Inhalt:	Geoinformatics Data Sources, Data Collection, Geometrical/Topological/Thematic Data Modelling, Data Structures, Virtual Globes, Web 2.0 Technologies, Spatial Data Infrastructures, Web-APIs, Web-Services, GeoDBMS, Thematic Cartography Analysis for information systems requirements (focus on thematic maps), Scientific cartography, cognitive maps, structure of the geo-data market, Techniques of homogenizing data sets (matching and merging), Map design, animated maps, thematic maps for individual and public transport		
14. Literatur:	Geoinformatics Fritsch, D., Geoinformatics, Lecture Notes, Univ. Stuttgart DuVander, A. (2010): Map Scripting 101: An Example-Driven Guide to Building Interactive Maps with Bing, Yahoo!, and Google Maps, No Starch Press, Inc. Halpin, T., Morgan, T. (2008): Information Modeling and Relational Databases, Second Edition (The Morgan Kaufmann Series in Data Management Systems) Morgan Kaufmann Publishers Thematic Cartography Kraak, M.-J. and Ormeling, F. J. (2003), Cartography, Visualization of Spatial Data, Harlow, Pearson Taylor, D.R.F (Ed.) (1998), Policy Issues in Modern Cartography, Volume 3 in Modern Cartography Series (ed. and contributor), Oxford, Pergamon		

Slocum et. al. (2005): Thematic Cartography and Geographic Visualization, 2nd ed., Upper Saddle River, Pearson Prentice Hall

15. Lehrveranstaltungen und -formen:

- 412501 Lecture Geoinformatics
 - 412503 Lecture Thematic Cartography
 - 412502 Lab Geoinformatics
 - 412504 Lab Thematic Cartography
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16. Abschätzung Arbeitsaufwand:

Geoinformatics 180 h (contact hours lectures and labs 56 h, self study 124 h)
Thematic Cartography, lecture: 45 h (attendance 14 h, self study 31 h)
Thematic Cartography, laboratory: 45 h (attendance 14 h, self study 31 h)
Total: 270 h (attendance 78 h, self study 192 h)

17. Prüfungsnummer/n und -name:

- 41251 Representation of Geodata (PL), Schriftlich, 120 Min., Gewichtung: 1
 - V Vorleistung (USL-V), Schriftlich
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18. Grundlage für ... :

19. Medienform:

Videocast, Blackboard, laptop + LCD projector, White Board, laboratory and calculation exercises

20. Angeboten von:

Photogrammetrie und Vermessungswesen

Modul: 41280 Integrated Project

2. Modulkürzel:	062300032	5. Moduldauer:	Einsemestrig
3. Leistungspunkte:	6 LP	6. Turnus:	Sommersemester
4. SWS:	0	7. Sprache:	Englisch
8. Modulverantwortlicher:	Univ.-Prof. Dr.-Ing. Volker Schwieger		
9. Dozenten:	Volker Schwieger Dieter Fritsch Wolfgang Keller Alfred Kleusberg Nicolaas Sneeuw Norbert Haala		
10. Zuordnung zum Curriculum in diesem Studiengang:	M.Sc. Geomatics Engineering, PO 936-2013, 2. Semester → Pflichtmodule		
11. Empfohlene Voraussetzungen:			
12. Lernziele:	The students are able to apply the knowledge of the modules of semester 1 and 2 project-related on variable topics. Additionally they know about project management, team work, scientific reporting and presentation techniques.		
13. Inhalt:	Variable topics are treated in projects, e.g. "geoid determination and "stake out of a tunnel". The student work for ten days on the project that is structured by several working packages. The planning, measurement, evaluation and analysis are realized in small teams. The students take care about the project management in different organisational levels. The academic staff act as mentors and not as teachers. For the preparation of the measurement campaign each student has to prepare one working package including a presentation. After the measurement campaign a joint scientific report has to be realised and each student has to present his working package.		
14. Literatur:	Documents/teaching materials from the modules of the 1st and 2nd semester		
15. Lehrveranstaltungen und -formen:	• 412801 Integrated Project		
16. Abschätzung Arbeitsaufwand:	Integrated Project, 10 days project: 90 h (attendance time 90 h, self study 0 h) Integrated Project, presentation and final report: 90 h (attendance 10 h, self study 80 h) Total: 180 h (attendance 100 h, self study 80 h)		
17. Prüfungsnummer/n und -name:	41281 Integrated Project (USL), , Gewichtung: 1		
18. Grundlage für ... :			
19. Medienform:	laptop + LCD projector, field project		
20. Angeboten von:	Ingenieurgeodäsie und Geodätische Messtechnik		

Modul: 48400 Engineering Geodesy

2. Modulkürzel:	062300031	5. Moduldauer:	Zweisemestrig
3. Leistungspunkte:	9 LP	6. Turnus:	Wintersemester
4. SWS:	6	7. Sprache:	Englisch
8. Modulverantwortlicher:	Univ.-Prof. Dr.-Ing. Volker Schwieger		
9. Dozenten:	Otto Lerke Volker Schwieger Jinyue Wang		
10. Zuordnung zum Curriculum in diesem Studiengang:	M.Sc. Geomatics Engineering, PO 936-2013, 1. Semester → Pflichtmodule		
11. Empfohlene Voraussetzungen:			
12. Lernziele:	The students are able to understand the principle of monitoring sensors, apply them for monitoring tasks and realize deformation analysis in the congruency model. Additionally they know all the details about positioning, filtering and controlling within kinematic measurement systems with a special focus on total stations. Knowledge about the graphical programming software Labview is available.		
13. Inhalt:	Monitoring networks and point determination, Inclination measurements, Hydrostatical leveling, Alignment, plumbing methods, additional sensors, Monitoring analysis using the congruency model: two- and multi-epoch, comparison, global test, sensitivity test for localization of deformations, Graphical programming: introduction and data acquisition, Recapitulation of tachymeter techniques and measurements, Robot total stations, GNSS, other Kinematic measurement systems, Positioning for moving objects, Vehicle models, Prediction and filtering, e.g. Kalman filter, Basics of control theory, Integration of kinematic measurements into control circles, Construction machine guidance, Project at construction machine simulator of IIGS		
14. Literatur:	Schofield/Breach (2007): Engineering Surveying Sixth Edition, Oxford, Elsevier Gelb, G. (Ed.) (1974), Applied optimal estimation, M.I.T. Press, Cambridge, Mass. Chui, C.K., Chen, G.(1999), Kalman filtering with real time applications, Springer, Heidelberg - Berlin Anand, D.K.(1974), Introduction to control systems, Pergamon, New York Braunschweig		
15. Lehrveranstaltungen und -formen:	• 484004 Laboratory Kinematic Measurement Systems • 484003 Lecture Kinematic Measurement Systems • 484002 Laboratory Monitoring • 484001 Lecture Monitoring		
16. Abschätzung Arbeitsaufwand:	Monitoring, lecture, 45 h (attendance 14h, self study 31h) Monitoring, exercise, 45 h (attendance 14h, self study 31h) Kinematic Measurement Systems, lecture: 90 h (attendance 28 h, self study 62 h) Kinematic Measurement Systems, exercise: 90 h (attendance 28 h, self study 62 h) Total: 270 h (attendance 84 h, self study: 186 h)		

17. Prüfungsnummer/n und -name:
- 48401 Engineering Geodesy (PL), Schriftlich, 120 Min., Gewichtung: 1
 - V Vorleistung (USL-V), Schriftlich
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18. Grundlage für ... :

19. Medienform:

20. Angeboten von: Ingenieurgeodäsie und Geodätische Messtechnik

Modul: 48440 Information and Contract Law

2. Modulkürzel:	62000099	5. Moduldauer:	Einsemestrig
3. Leistungspunkte:	3 LP	6. Turnus:	Wintersemester
4. SWS:	2	7. Sprache:	Englisch
8. Modulverantwortlicher:	Horst Speichert		
9. Dozenten:	Horst Speichert		
10. Zuordnung zum Curriculum in diesem Studiengang:	M.Sc. Geomatics Engineering, PO 936-2013, 3. Semester → Pflichtmodule		
11. Empfohlene Voraussetzungen:			
12. Lernziele:	Introduction to basics of contract law, international contract and information law as well as Internet and data protection law. Students are made familiar with methods for lawful contracts and contracts checking, especially with regard to future management positions		
13. Inhalt:	Introduction: Objectives and mechanism of law, The legal system (overview), The system of national law, The European system of law, International law Contract law: General remarks, Requirements for a contract in general, Terms of contract, Irregularities in the performance of the contract, Disputes, arbitration, law-suits Types of contract: act of sale, UN Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of Goods (CISG), contract for services, contract of work and labor The law on torts (liability): General remarks, Tort liability based on fault, Product liability, Warranty, Compensation Selected fields of law (overview): Labor law, The law of business associations, Company law, Commercial law, Competition law, advertising, Copyright, patent, brands and related rights E-commerce and Internet: Web publishing, Liability, Multimedia, European legislation, IT-Security law (overview), Data protection, Privacy policy, European legislation		
14. Literatur:	James, P.S., Glover, G.N.: Introduction to English Law, 9. Edition 1976, Butterworths McCormick-Watson, J., Watson, B., Bourne, N.: Essential English Legal System (Essential Law), 2006, Routledge Cavendish Jewell, M.: An Introduction to English Contract Law, 2. Edition 2002, Nomos Taylor, R.D.: Law of Contract, 5. Edition 1995, Blackstone Ward, R., Walker und Walker 's English Legal System, 8. Edition 1998, Butterworths Farnsworth, E.A.: An Introduction to the Legal System of the United States, 3. Edition 1996, Oceana Publ. Smith, P.F., Bailey, S.H.: The Modern English Legal System, 1984, Sweet und Maxwell Hay, P.: An Introduction to the U.S. Law, 2. Edition 1991, Butterworths Clark, D.S., Tugrul, A.: Introduction to the Law of the United States, 2. Auflage 2001, Kluwer Law International Eddey, K.J., Darbyshire, P.: Eddey and Darbyshire on the English Legal System, 7. Edition 2001, Sweet und Maxwell		

Rutherford, L., Bone, S.: Osborn's Concise Law Dictionary, 8. Edition 1993, Sweet und Maxwell
Schlechtriem, P., Butler, P.: UN Law on International Sales. The UN Convention on the International Sale of Goods, 1. Edition 2007, Springer
Martin, E.A.: A dictionary of law, 6. Edition 2006, Oxford University Press
Schlechtriem, P., Schwenzer, I.: Commentary on the UN Convention on the International Sale of Goods (CISG), 2. Edition 2005, Oxford University Press
Speichert, H.: Praxis des IT-Rechts, 2. Edition 2007, Vieweg

15. Lehrveranstaltungen und -formen:	• 484401 Lecture Information and Contract Law
16. Abschätzung Arbeitsaufwand:	attendance 28 h self study 62 h Total: 90 h
17. Prüfungsnummer/n und -name:	48441 Information and Contract Law (BSL), Schriftlich, 60 Min., Gewichtung: 1
18. Grundlage für ... :	
19. Medienform:	
20. Angeboten von:	Geodätisches Institut

200 Wahlpflichtmodule

Zugeordnete Module: 41300 Geo-Telematics
 48410 Multisensor Integration
 48420 Satellite Geodesy
 48430 Navigation

Modul: 41300 Geo-Telematics

2. Modulkürzel:	062300033	5. Moduldauer:	Einsemestrig
3. Leistungspunkte:	9 LP	6. Turnus:	Wintersemester
4. SWS:	6	7. Sprache:	Englisch
8. Modulverantwortlicher:	Dr.-Ing. Martin Metzner		
9. Dozenten:	Martin Metzner Annette Scheider Susanne Becker		
10. Zuordnung zum Curriculum in diesem Studiengang:	M.Sc. Geomatics Engineering, PO 936-2013, 3. Semester → Wahlpflichtmodule		
11. Empfohlene Voraussetzungen:			
12. Lernziele:	Topology and Optimization Based on knowledge about graph theory, the students will be able to solve topological tasks, e.g. the shortest path problem or the map coloring problem, in an optimal way. The students will be familiar with linear and quadratic and programming techniques to deal with network design problems of different orders. Transport Telematics The students are able to realize algorithms for positioning, navigation and routing. They know the structures of digital maps, which are necessary for Transport Telematics as well as some example sources. Besides they know about the interaction of different information sources as well as communication possibilities for transportation applications.		
13. Inhalt:	Topology and Optimization Graph theory and topology, Tree structures, Optimal routing and network analysis, Five-color theorem, Least-squares principle. Equality and inequality constrained least-squares estimation, Network design problems (especially Zero Order Design, First Order Design, Second Order Design), Quadratic and linear programming, Linear Complementarity Problems (LCP). Transport Telematics Digital road network, Communication technologies, Positioning and navigation systems, Traffic management systems, computer assisted operational control systems, Information services for traffic, driver assistance systems		
14. Literatur:	Topology and Optimization Fritsch, D., Topology and Optimization, Lecture Notes, University of Stuttgart Grafarend, E. W. and Sanso, F. (ed.) (1985): Optimization and design of geodetic networks. Springer, Berlin Heidelberg. Diestel, Reinhard (2010): Graph Theory. Springer Berlin Heidelberg, 4. ed. Lawler, Lenstra, Rinnooy Kan, Shmoys (eds) (1985), The Traveling Salesman Problem: A Guided Tour of Combinatorial Optimization, Wiley und Sons Transport Telematics		

Mike de Smith, Mike Goodchild, Paul Longley: Geospatial Analysis: A Comprehensive Guide to Principles, Techniques and Software Tools Home page: www.spatialanalysisonline.com. Third Edition. Issue version: 3.15 (2011)
McQueen, B. und McQueen, J.(1999), Intelligent transportation systems architectures, Boston: Artech House
Drane, C. and Rizos, C. (1998), Positioning systems in intelligent transportation systems, Boston, Artech House

15. Lehrveranstaltungen und -formen:

- 413003 Lecture Transport Telematics
 - 413001 Lecture Topology and Optimization
 - 413002 Lab Topology and Optimization
 - 413004 Lab Transport Telematics
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16. Abschätzung Arbeitsaufwand:

Topology und Optimization, lecture: 90 h (attendance 28 h, self study 62 h)
Topology und Optimization, exercise: 45 h (attendance 14 h, self study 31 h)
Transport Telematics, lecture: 90 h (attendance 28 h, self study 62 h)
Transport Telematics, exercise: 45 h (attendance 14 h, self study 31 h)
Total: 270 h (attendance 84 h, self study 186 h)

17. Prüfungsnummer/n und -name:

- 41301 Geo-Telematics (PL), Schriftlich, 120 Min., Gewichtung: 1
 - V Vorleistung (USL-V), Schriftlich
-

18. Grundlage für ... :

19. Medienform:

Videocasts, White Board Blackboard, laptop + LCD projector, laboratory and calculation exercises, MatLab

20. Angeboten von:

Ingenieurgeodäsie und Geodätische Messtechnik

Modul: 48410 Multisensor Integration

2. Modulkürzel:	62200303	5. Moduldauer:	Einsemestrig
3. Leistungspunkte:	9 LP	6. Turnus:	Wintersemester
4. SWS:	6	7. Sprache:	Englisch
8. Modulverantwortlicher:	apl. Prof. Dr.-Ing. Norbert Haala		
9. Dozenten:	Volker Schwieger Norbert Haala		
10. Zuordnung zum Curriculum in diesem Studiengang:	M.Sc. Geomatics Engineering, PO 936-2013, 3. Semester → Wahlpflichtmodule		
11. Empfohlene Voraussetzungen:			
12. Lernziele:	The students learn methods of close range photogrammetry, terrestrial LiDAR and mobile mapping. Integration of imaging with LiDAR is one major issue, used in outdoors and indoors environments. As outdoors applications use GPS and integrated GMS/IMU, for indoors the Simultaneous Localization and Mapping (SLAM) problem is introduced. Based on the information provided in this module, the students are able to build up a terrestrial multi-sensor system. They understand the different sensors and their interaction as well as their handling within the system.		
13. Inhalt:	Image-based data collection: Close range sensors (CCD, CMOS, CIR), terrestrial LiDAR, Mobile Mapping Systems, direct and indirect solutions for spatial resection, simultaneous registration using SIFT and affine SIFT operators, RANSAC algorithms, SLAM problems, Structure-and-Motion, dense point cloud generation using image matching, fusion of LiDAR and image-generated point clouds, ICP algorithms. Terrestrial Multisensor Systems: Definition of terrestrial multi-sensor systems, analogue and digital data registration, bus-based systems, analogue-digital conversion, special kinematic sensors, dead reckoning, coordinate systems, sensor corrections and reductions, synchronisation, real time data processing, evaluation using Kalman filter, project: development of a multi-sensor system		
14. Literatur:	Image-based data collection: • Fritsch, D. (2012): Image-based data collection, Lecture Notes, Univ. Stuttgart. • Hartley, R., Zissermann (2000): Multiple View in Computer Vision, Cambridge University Press. • Lowe, D.G. (2004): Distinctive Image Features From Scale-Invariant Keypoints. Int. Journal Computer Vision, 60, pp 91-110. • Luhmann, T., Robson, S., Kyle, S., Harley, I. (2011): Close Range Photogrammetry: Principles, Techniques and Applications. Dunbeath:Whittles Publishing. Terrestrial Multisensor Systems:		

- Padmanabhan, R.T. (2000), Industrial Instrumentation - Principles and Design, Springer
- Webster, G.J. (1999), Measurement, Instrumentation and Sensors - The Handbook, Springer
- Weichert, N. and Wülker, M. (2000), Messtechnik und Messdatenerfassung, Oldenbourg

15. Lehrveranstaltungen und -formen:

- 484101 Lecture Image-based Data Collection
- 484102 Laboratory Image-based Data Collection
- 484103 Lecture Terrestrial Multisensor Systems
- 484104 Laboratory Terrestrial Multisensor Systems

16. Abschätzung Arbeitsaufwand:

Image-based Data Collection, Lecture 135 h (contact hours lecture and labs 42 h, self study 93 h)
 Terrestrial Multisensor Systems, Lecture,: 135 h (contact hours lecture and labs 42 h, self study 93 h)
 Total: 270 h (attendance 84 h, self study: 186 h)

17. Prüfungsnummer/n und -name:

- 48411 Multisensor Integration (PL), Schriftlich, 120 Min., Gewichtung: 1
- V Vorleistung (USL-V), Schriftlich

18. Grundlage für ... :

19. Medienform:

20. Angeboten von:

Photogrammetrie und Vermessungswesen

Modul: 48420 Satellite Geodesy

2. Modulkürzel:	62000092	5. Moduldauer:	Einsemestrig
3. Leistungspunkte:	9 LP	6. Turnus:	Wintersemester
4. SWS:	6	7. Sprache:	Englisch
8. Modulverantwortlicher:	Univ.-Prof. Dr. Wolfgang Keller		
9. Dozenten:	Wolfgang Keller		
10. Zuordnung zum Curriculum in diesem Studiengang:	M.Sc. Geomatics Engineering, PO 936-2013, 3. Semester → Wahlpflichtmodule		
11. Empfohlene Voraussetzungen:	Advanced Mathematics		
12. Lernziele:	The module aims at an understanding of the interplay between space-observation techniques, the related reference systems and the error sources degrading the observations. The students will learn to apply and assess space techniques for position acquisition with a sound knowledge of the available techniques of error mitigation.		
13. Inhalt:	Reference systems and transformation rules between them, Signal propagation, Orbital mechanics, Satellite Laser ranging, VLBI, Satellite altimetry, GNSS positioning		
14. Literatur:	Seeber, G. (2004) Satellite Geodesy, de Gruyter Leick, A. (2004) Satellite Surveying, Wiley und Sons		
15. Lehrveranstaltungen und -formen:	• 484201 Lecture Foundations of Satellite Geodesy • 484202 Laboratory Foundations of Satellite Geodesy • 484203 Lecture Satellite Geodesy Observation Techniques • 484204 Laboratory Satellite Geodesy Observation Techniques		
16. Abschätzung Arbeitsaufwand:	lectures 140 h (attendance 56h, self-study 84 h) exercises 130 h (attendance 42 h, self-study 88 h)		
17. Prüfungsnummer/n und -name:	• 48421 Satellite Geodesy (PL), Schriftlich, 120 Min., Gewichtung: 1 • V Vorleistung (USL-V), Schriftlich		
18. Grundlage für ... :			
19. Medienform:			
20. Angeboten von:	Physikalische Geodäsie - Satellitengeodäsie		

Modul: 48430 Navigation

2. Modulkürzel:	62100320	5. Moduldauer:	Einsemestrig
3. Leistungspunkte:	9 LP	6. Turnus:	Wintersemester
4. SWS:	6	7. Sprache:	Englisch
8. Modulverantwortlicher:	Univ.-Prof. Dr.-Ing. Alfred Kleusberg		
9. Dozenten:	Alfred Kleusberg		
10. Zuordnung zum Curriculum in diesem Studiengang:	M.Sc. Geomatics Engineering, PO 936-2013, 3. Semester → Wahlpflichtmodule		
11. Empfohlene Voraussetzungen:	Advanced Mathematics, Dynamic System Estimation		
12. Lernziele:	Satellite Navigation Students have a complete understanding of all aspects of satellite navigation with modern Global Navigation Satellite Systems (GNSS) like GPS or Glonass. This understanding includes the design of orbital constellation and the description of orbits. The process from signal generation, modulation and transmission over signal propagation in the atmosphere including refraction effects up to the signal demodulation and measurement in the receiver is understood. Based on this the students know the GNSS position accuracy limitations and the potential for error corrections by DGNSS. Integrated Positioning and Navigation Students have a basic understanding of the mathematical and physical background of Strap-Down Inertial Navigation Systems. Based on this they understand the error behavior of INS with different types of inertial sensors, and the need to integrate such systems with external measurements, such as GNSS or DGNSS positions.		
13. Inhalt:	Satellite Navigation Definition and realization of global coordinate systems for GNSS, satellite orbits and orbit parameters, GNSS signal generation and modulation, signal propagation, ionospheric and tropospheric refraction, signal reception and pseudorange measurements, modeling of pseudorange measurements, position determination, position error assessment, DGNSS Integrated Positioning and Navigation Coordinate systems (inertial, ECEF, local level, body, platform), parameterisation of transformations and rotations, rotational velocity, Strap-Down-Navigator differential equations, inertial sensors, integration of differential equations, error control, integration with externally provided positions.		
14. Literatur:	Kleusberg, Satellite Navigation, lecture materials, University of Stuttgart Kleusberg, Integrated Positioning and Navigation, lecture materials, University of Stuttgart IS-GPS-200E Interface Control Document Jekeli (2001) Inertial Navigation Systems with Geodetic Applications, deGruyter U.S. Coast Guard Navigation Center - GPS http://www.navcen.uscg.gov/ ESA - Galileo		

<http://www.esa.int/esaNA/galileo.html>
Russian Federal Space Agency - Glonass
<http://www.glonass-center.ru/en/>

15. Lehrveranstaltungen und -formen:	• 484304 Laboratory Integrated Positioning and Navigation • 484301 Lecture Satellite Navigation • 484302 Laboratory Satellite Navigation • 484303 Lecture Integrated Positioning and Navigation
16. Abschätzung Arbeitsaufwand:	Satellite Navigation 135 h (contact hours lectures and labs 42 h, self study 93 h) Integrated Positioning and Navigation 135 h (contact hours lectures and labs 42 h, self study 93 h) Total 270 h
17. Prüfungsnummer/n und -name:	• 48431 Navigation (PL), Schriftlich, 120 Min., Gewichtung: 1 • V Vorleistung (USL-V), Schriftlich
18. Grundlage für ... :	
19. Medienform:	
20. Angeboten von:	Navigation

400 Deutschkurse

Zugeordnete Module: 48450 German as a Foreign Language

Modul: 48450 German as a Foreign Language

2. Modulkürzel:	-	5. Moduldauer:	Einsemestrig
3. Leistungspunkte:	6 LP	6. Turnus:	Wintersemester
4. SWS:	2	7. Sprache:	Deutsch
8. Modulverantwortlicher:	Dr. Karin Herrmann		
9. Dozenten:			
10. Zuordnung zum Curriculum in diesem Studiengang:	M.Sc. Geomatics Engineering, PO 936-2013, 1. Semester → Deutschkurse		
11. Empfohlene Voraussetzungen:			
12. Lernziele:	Students are able to converse about everyday situations in their studies and home, read and understand simple texts, have a command of basic grammar structures, and write about life and culture in the German speaking countries.		
13. Inhalt:	The course aims to develop the four communication skills listening, speaking, reading, and writing, with an increased emphasis on conversational German. Students are exposed to everyday and professional situations. Students learn frequently used expressions related to areas of most immediate relevance (e.-g. very basic personal and family information, shopping, local geography, employment)		
14. Literatur:	text book according to german level		
15. Lehrveranstaltungen und -formen:	• 484501 Intensive German Course		
16. Abschätzung Arbeitsaufwand:	attendance 130 h (attendance is mandatory) self study 60 h (since most exercises and labs take place during class, self study requires less time)		
17. Prüfungsnummer/n und -name:	48451 German as a Foreign Language (USL), Schriftlich, Gewichtung: 1		
18. Grundlage für ... :			
19. Medienform:			
20. Angeboten von:	II Internationales		

Modul: 80920 Masterthesis GEOENGINE

2. Modulkürzel:	-	5. Moduldauer:	-
3. Leistungspunkte:	-	6. Turnus:	-
4. SWS:	-	7. Sprache:	-

8. Modulverantwortlicher:

9. Dozenten:

10. Zuordnung zum Curriculum in diesem Studiengang:

11. Empfohlene Voraussetzungen:

12. Lernziele:

13. Inhalt:

14. Literatur:

15. Lehrveranstaltungen und -formen:

16. Abschätzung Arbeitsaufwand:

17. Prüfungsnummer/n und -name:

18. Grundlage für ... :

19. Medienform:

20. Angeboten von:
